Florentin Smarandache Collected Papers, V

ON CRITTENDEN AND VANDEN EYNDEN'S CONJECTURE

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It is possible to cover all (positive) integers with n geometrical progressions of integers?

Find a necessary and sufficient condition for a general class of positive integer sequences such that, for a fixed n, there are n (distinct) sequences of this class which cover all integers.

Comments:

- a) No. Let $a_1,...,a_n$ be respectively the first terms of each geometrical progression, and $q_1,...,q_n$ respectively their ratios. Let p be a prime number different from $a_1,...,a_n,q_1,...,q_n$. Then p does not belong to the union of these n geometrical progressions.
- b) For example, the class of progressions $A_f = \left\{ \left\{ a_n \right\}_{n \ge 1} : a_n = f\left(a_{n-1},...,a_{n-i}\right) \text{ for } n \ge i+1, \text{ and } i, a_1, a_2,... \in N^* \right\} \text{ with the property } \exists y \in N^*, \ \forall \left(x_1,...,x_i\right) \in N^{*i} : f\left(x_1,...,x_i\right) \ne y. \text{ Does it cover all integers?}$

But, if
$$\forall y \in N^*$$
, $\exists (x_1,...,x_i) \in N^{*i} : f(x_1,...,x_i) = y$? (Generally no.)

This (solved and unsolved) problem remembers Crittenden and Vanden Eynden's conjecture.

References:

- [1] R.B. Crittenden and C. L. Vanden Eynden, *Any n arithmetic progressions covering the first* 2ⁿ *integers covers all integers*, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 24 (1970) 475-481.
- [2] R.B. Crittenden and C. L. Vanden Eynden, *The union of arithmetic progression with differences not less than k*, Amer. Math. Monthly 79 (1972) 630.
- [3] R. K. Guy, *Unsolved Problem in Number Theory*, Springer-Verlag, NewYork, Heidelberg, Berlin, 1981, Problem E23, p.136.